



Startle Response System Startle Reflex & PPI Testing System for Mice & Rats



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- Specifications subject to change without notice -

TSE Startle Response System

System description

Startle reflex in small rodents can be easily quantified with our computerized **TSE Startle Response Measuring System**.

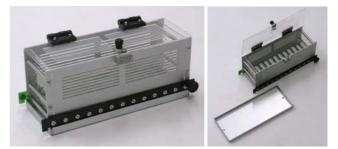
Up to 6 different hardware signals can be controlled independently! Several startle boxes can be operated simultaneously with one computer.



Hardware Components

The system is available for rats and mice and consists of the following components:

- animal restrainers with integrated shockable floor grid that are placed on
- species-specific transducer platforms,
- stimulus generating elements mounted to a "stimulus base unit",
- sound-attenuated housings,
- a control unit containing the necessary electronics for your choice of stimuli,
- special control interface system for PC or notebook operation and
- the TSE Startle Response software package for Windows.



Rat cage with integrated floor grid & feces tray

The animals are tested restrained in small cages (aluminum, transparent plastics) restricting major movements and exploratory behavior.

Rat and mouse cage models are available. The rat cage can be adjusted to the animal's body size by changing the position of a dividing insert.

Restrainer

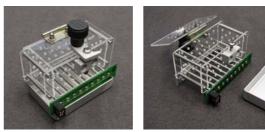
Mouse 80 x 40 x 45 mm (LxWxH) Rat 225 x 80 x 85 mm (LxWxH)

Grid rod floor

Mouse: rod ← 4 mm, distance* 8.9 mm Rat: rod ← 6 mm, distance* 19.5 mm

* distance rod center to rod center

All cages feature an integrated stainless steel floor grid and a feces tray that can be easily removed for cleaning.



Mouse cage with integrated floor grid & feces tray

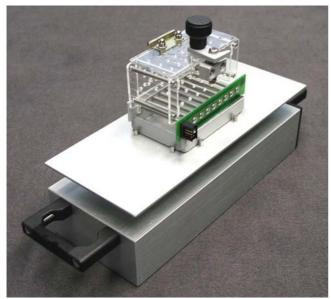


Mouse platform

These cages are placed on species-specific **transducer platforms** mounted on an ultra-stable base construction.

Transducer Platform:Size100 x 250 mmMaximum LoadMouse 600 g / Rat 3000 g

The highly sensitive transducers allow accurate measurements of the animals' reactions without the need to adjust the setup to the weight of the animal since only dynamic changes are registered!



Mouse cage on mouse platform

Intense short **auditory signals** are generated by means of high-quality high-linearity speakers mounted into the so-called "stimulus base unit".

Both sound with a frequency of up to 25 kHz and white noise can be outputted with user-defined intensity.

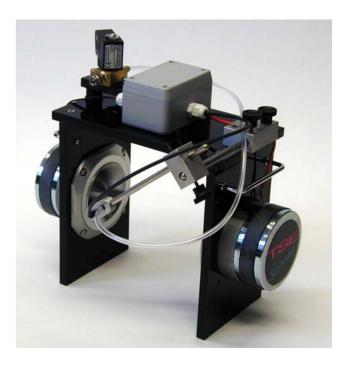
Due to the superior performance of the equipment, very rapid rise times – a prerequisite for a stimulus to elicit startle – and a stable amplitude that is independent of the frequency selected are guaranteed!

Technical Data "Auditory Stimuli"

Sine sound 2...25* kHz, max. 130 dB Noise White noise, max. 130 dB Both with software-adjustable intensity *Calibrated from 2...20 kHz in the factory

In addition to acting as a startling stimulus, continuous white noise can be applied throughout the whole experiment with user-defined intensity. The background noise intensity is set independently from the stimulus noise intensity.

All components for delivery of **air-puffs** (tactile stimuli) via solenoid valves and air delivery tubing is also provided (the user is to provide the air supply and regulator). The air outlet is mounted to a flexible arm that can be brought into any required position.



Stimulus base unit - fully equipped

A LED mounted to the same arm allows to apply software-controlled visual stimuli during the trial.



Light & Air Puff Unit

An **electrical stimulus** can be applied through the floor grid in order to evaluate fear-potentiated startle. Usually the foot shock is paired with the signal light.

The control unit is then equipped with a microprocessor-controlled shocker module to produce these foot shocks. The module ensures a constant current with a high degree of accuracy. If the experimenter requires, a pulsating stimulus current can also be applied.

Programmable Shock Generator

Current type	constant or pulsating current
Current strength	0.13.1mA (in steps of 0.1mA)

This module always carries out a so-called current flow check, i.e. a check is made if current is really flowing.



Housing

The whole setup is operated in sound-attenuating isolation chambers (**housing**) equipped with a ventilation fan (can be switched off if necessary) that also provide odor isolation.

Housing Dimensions

Inside	410 x 410 x 410 mm
Outside	490 x 490 x 490 mm

The housing features a one-way observation window in the front door to provide for monitoring and VCR recording during the experiment. It can be closed if desired. A manually operated house-light is also included in the housing construction.



Process control unit

The control unit provides the connection between the boxes and the computer. It contains all the electronics for controlling the stimulus components and transfers the measuring data to the control interface. The control interface is available for PC or for notebook operation. An IBM-compatible computer (Pentium) is required.

Software Control

The comfortable "Startle Response" Windows software that controls the experimental procedure and collects the measuring data is very easy to learn and use. On-line help is provided describing all program functions in detail. The software languages currently available are English and German.

Integrated Editor

Editor Trial Active Control File Pre-pulse20ms70dB	iaye as
Events after Ome for 5000ms, Noise, 70dB after 1000ms for 20ms, Sound, 10000Hz, 70dB after 1120ms for 20ms, Sound, 10000Hz, 110dB after 1120ms for 2000ms, Acquisition	Event Definition © Sound (Sine) Start 1120 mms Noise Duration 2000 mms C Light C E-Stimulus Erequency 10000 mm Hz C Aipuff Intensity 120 mm dB C digital C Acquisition © Intertial 120 mm Event 120 mm Levent
Elose ? Help	Erint Trials

Trial Editor

The integrated flexible **editor** allows the quick creation of individual test paradigms.

Trials can be created using the **events** provided. A trial can consist of one event only. Alternatively several events can be combined to user-defined event sequences. The hardware signals currently available are:

Adjustable Decomptors

Event Type	Adjustable Parameters
Sine Sound	Start, Duration, Intensity (dB), Frequency (Hz)
Noise	Start, Duration, Intensity (dB)
Light	Start, Duration
E-Stimulus	Start, Duration, Intensity (mA),
	pulsed or constant
Air Puff	Start, Duration
Digital Signal	Start, Duration

Deliver strong or weak stimuli, change their duration and define presentation start time as required. Beginning and end of each event is defined in milliseconds from the start of the trial.

Example of typical settings:

Event Tune

Pre-pulse	10 kHz sound, 20ms, 70dB
	100ms before onset of startle stimulus
Stimulus	10 kHz sound, 20ms, 120dB

Background noise can be presented in order to provide a defined acoustic background during the experiment (typical intensity 70 dB).

For assessment of fear-potentiated startle (i.e. the excitatory effect on the startle response) the amplitude and duration of the electrical stimulus is defined here.

The foot shock may also be paired with a light stimulus of user-defined duration.

The system also provides a TTL signal (digital signal) that can be used to switch on a camera or a video tape recorder or to control additional external devices such as user-specific signal generators.

Event Type	Adjustable Parameters
Acquisition	Start, Duration
Intertrial Interval	Duration (constant or variable)

Data are stored in sampling windows ("Acquisition") with user-defined onset and length. Usually data storage is started simultaneously with the startling stimulus in order to directly obtain the latency of the

startle reflex in the analysis. Data may also be collected for longer periods depending on the information that is required.

Editor Experiment Active Control File Experiment2	Bayeas ∐	_□×
Trials for Experiment IntertrialConst3000 Starle20ms110d8 Pre-pulse20ms70d8	Defined Trials NST PP72 InternialConst3000 Internial3000bis5000 P72 VST2 Test qq qet qet test20 Internial3000c5000 Prepie20ns70dB Startle20ms10dB	
		Trial <u>E</u> ditor
<u>✓ 0</u> K <u>X</u> <u>C</u> lose	🥐 Help 🕒 Print Exp.	Print Tri <u>a</u> ls

Experiment Editor

Constant or variable inter-trial intervals (ITI) can be defined that are later used to automatically separate trials from each other.

These pre-defined trials are stored in files for future use.

The next step is to combine trials to **experiments**. The same trial can be run repeatedly with constant or variable inter-trial intervals. Different trials can be combined in order to create complex designs.

Whether you want to apply

- a startling stimulus only to measure habituation, i.e. the reduction of the SR magnitude,
- pre-pulses only,
- pre-pulse + startle stimulus to measure inhibitory effects on the startle response (pre-pulse inhibition (PPI)) or
- output no stimulus at all to determine baseline activity,

- create simple experiments or complex paradigms to meet your individual requirements.

All experimental designs are easily stored in control files for future use.

Preparing for an Experiment

Trial preparation includes definition of a **habituation time**, if required. A **baseline determination** phase allows to collect baseline activity of the animal before the experiment is started - this baseline activity can

later be used to automatically set the trigger threshold for analysis.

xperiment Habit <u>u</u> ation <u>B</u> aseline <u>E</u> xperiment	30 s ✓ with stimuli intertrial 30 s ✓ with stimuli intertrial Example1 ✓	ExampleIntertrialConst3000 ExamplePP72 ExamplePP72 ExamplePP72 ExamplePP72 ExamplePP72 ExampleNST
Trial Sequence () fixed () randomised () randomised		ExampleNST ExampleNST ExampleNST
ox Activation	□ Box 2 □ Box 3 □ Box 4	

Trial Preparation

The **experimental file** to be run is selected now. The sequence of trial presentation can be fixed or randomised. It is also possible to select a group of trials for randomisation.

In order to characterize the experiment various entry fields are available that are filled in before the experiment is started. These identifiers later allow easy searching through the data base and are also outputted in the protocol.

📑 Box 1	_ 🗆 ×
Animal Parameters	
<u>A</u> nimal No.	1 🗧
Group	Control
<u>S</u> train	
Age	200 🔹 days
<u>W</u> eight	27.0 g
Test Parameters	
<u>T</u> est No.	1 🔹
E <u>x</u> p.No.	2
Code	
Operator	ES
Comment	Female
Substance	Saline
Dosage	
<u>✓ </u> <u>0</u> K	X Cancel ? Help

Descriptive Entries

After all data have been entered, the animals are placed into the boxes and the boxes closed. The experiment is started simultaneously in all units that are connected up by pressing a single key.

The Running Experiment



Now exposure to stimuli is initiated according to the control file loaded. The so-called "trial monitor" allows a rapid overview throughout the course of the experiment by displaying active stimuli with colored symbols, thus allowing the status of all connected boxes to be seen at a glance.

Startle movements by the animal are picked up by the transducer, amplified and converted into a digital signal with 12-bit resolution. The full transducer range is available for response detection!

Immediately after each trial the response waveforms are outputted in a coordinate system with the time in ms as the X-axis and the measured force in ADC units as the Y-axis.

Trial Monitor	
Box1 ADC Animal 1 ExpNo 12 Trial 10 1.000 500 -1.000 1.000 2.000 3.000 4.000 5.000	Box 2
Box 3	Box 4
$\frac{1}{2} = \int_{\mathcal{A}_{R}} \otimes \sum_{A_{R}} - ADC$	0:11 Trial 1 Sancel Intertrial testes Perp

Analysis of Measured Data

TS 🔚	E Startle R	esponse	System			
<u>H</u> elp	<u>E</u> xperiment	<u>A</u> nalysis	Archi <u>v</u> e	<u>S</u> ystem Te	est <u>P</u> aramete	rs E <u>x</u> it
ê	??	<u>D</u> ata	Selection			
		<u>Е</u> хро	lts Table	e Data		
		_	/Experime sis Parame			

Search functions allow the easy selection of data records to be analyzed from the data base. A filter function is provided to facilitate data management.

Animal	No.	Group	Trial	Exp.	Date	Comment	 No.
1	45		3	5	23.05.01		C Group
1	46		3	5	23.05.01		C Irial
3	47		3	5	23.05.01		_
4	48		3	5	23.05.01		О <u>Е</u> хр.
5	49		3	5	23.05.01		C Date
6	50		3	5	23.05.01		C Comr
7	51		3	5	23.05.01		
7	52		3	5	23.05.01		
2	37		4	3	05.06.01	nach 1 Woche	-1
9	54		3	5	23.05.01		-
<u>S</u> electe Animal	d Data F	Records (3) Group	Trial	Exp.	Date	Comment	
3	47		3	5	23.05.01		
4	48		3	5	23.05.01		
5	49		3	5	23.05.01		

Data Selection

A protocol is available giving details on the course of each experiment.

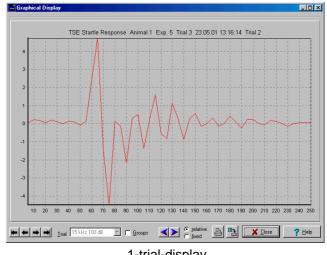
Trials/Experim 25.09.2001	ent		
Animal No. Trial No. Exp. No. Start Time Group/Strain Code	6 4 3 050601 10:47:12		
Operator Comment Substance	nach 1 Woche		
htertrialConst8000 from 8000ms	to 8000ms	Intertrial	
habi 1 aterûms aterûms	for 300000ms for 300000ms	Noise Acquisition	60dB
Rauschen 120 dB ater Oms ater 50ms	for 250ms for 50ms	Acquisition Noise	10dB
habi 1 Rauschen 120 dB Rauschen 120 dB Rauschen 120 dB Rauschen 120 dB			

A graph can be called up displaying the storage events that have been defined in the experimental paradigm.

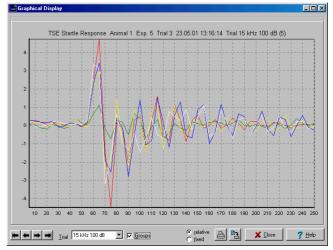
The animal's reaction is displayed in a coordinate system with the time in ms as the X-axis and the change in force picked up by the sensor in grams as the Y-axis.

One graph corresponds to one acquisition event, i.e. one complete trial or one section out of a trial. If more than 1 storage event has been defined in the experiment than these acquisition phases can be called up one after another with the arrow keys provided.

In order to facilitate comparison of data records the graph can be switched to the absolute representation where the Y-axis is displayed with a user-defined end point.



1-trial-display



Trial Overlay (Response to Startle Stimulus)

If several identical trials were run in the experiment then these trials can be displayed in the same coordinate system for direct visual comparison (overlay display).

Whether the response magnitude is increased (shock sensitization) or decreased (e.g. due to habituation or pre-pulse inhibition) or whether the latency changed over the course of the experiment can then be seen at a glance.

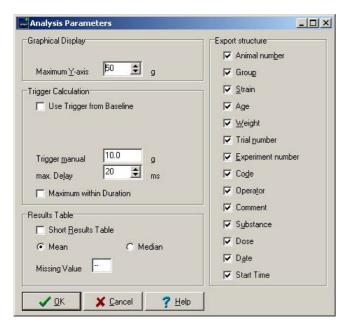
The results table lists for each storage period:

- the startle latency in milliseconds (Reaction ms), i.e. the time after the start of the storage interval when the startle reaction occurred,
- the duration of the startle reaction (in ms),
- the maximum amplitude recorded in the acquisition window in grams (Maximum g) and
- the latency of this maximum amplitude (Maximum ms)

Animal No. Trial No. Exp. No. Start Time Trigger max. Delay	1 3 5 23.05.01 3,0 g 20 ms	131614		
Trial Read dummiyton	tion ms	Duration mis	Maximum g	Maximum ms
1	5	5	52,3	5
Mean	5,0	5,0	52,3	5,0
15 kHz 100 dB				
2	65	15	4,7	65
4	0	0	1,1	65
4 6	0	0	2,9 3,4	65
8	65	5	3,4	65
10	60	15	3,3	60
Mean	63,3	11,7	3,1	64,0
schock 0,6 mA				
3	65	145	11,2	165
5	65	140	17,9	95
3 5 7 9	65	145	11,8	95
9	0	0	1,9	215
11	0	0	0,7	55
Mean	65,0	143,3	8,7	125,0

Identical trials are grouped together for mean value calculation.

Calculation of the startle reaction is influenced by a **trigger** threshold that can be set by the operator: only reactions above this threshold are taken into account.



Alternatively the trigger threshold that has been calculated automatically by the system during the calibration phase can be used for analysis.

Time calculations in this table always refer to the beginning of the storage window. Therefore if the storage window has been chosen to start with the onset of the acoustic startle stimulus, the values outputted in the table represent the absolute distance between stimulus start and startle reaction. The reaction duration depends on the parameter "max. Delay" that is also defined by the operator. After falling below the trigger threshold a reaction is only then interpreted as being finished if, during a following time window with the length "max. Delay", this threshold is not exceeded again. This calculation allows the summarization of a sinusoidal waveform into one reaction event.

The results table can also be outputted in a shortened form that lists the mean values for each trial. Since mean value calculation takes only those trials into account where the reaction has exceeded the trigger threshold the percentage of these trials as compared to the total trial number is also given.

Tri <i>a</i> l habi 1	Reaction ms 5,0 100.0%	Duration ms 5,0 100,0%	Maximum g 58,6	Maximum ms 5,0
Rausche	en 120 dB76,8 68,0%	26,8 68,0%	4,5	93,8

Data Export

All measuring data can also be converted into ASCII files for further-reaching complex statistics with statistical, database or spreadsheet programs.

Anim	Trial	Exp	Date	Start	TrigG	PauseMS	No	Trial	RTMS	DurMS	MaxG	MaxMS
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	20	1	habi 1	5	5	51,7	5
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	20	2	Rauschen 120 dB	70	105	3,1	165
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	20	3	Rauschen 120 dB	75	5	2,3	110
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	20	- 4	Rauschen 120 dB	65	155	5,6	80
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	20	5	Rauschen 120 dB	60	90	4	75
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	20	6	Rauschen 120 dB	60	115	2,5	110
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	20	7	Rauschen 120 dB	60	160	7,9	75
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	20	8	Rauschen 120 dB	75	125	3,3	
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	20	9	Rauschen 120 dB	60	125	3,4	75
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	20	10	Rauschen 120 dB	150	15	1,1	160

If, for example, pre-pulse inhibition is to be analyzed the degree of response inhibition can be easily calculated from these files using the initial startle as a reference.

Adjustable export parameters allow the adaptation of the file structure to the individual requirements of the user.

All graphs can be stored as bitmap-files for integration into word processing or graphics programs. The graph can also be exported as an ASCII file listing the force values for each individual sampling point for further graphical and statistical evaluation in external program packages.

Anim	Trial	Exp	Date	Start	No	Trial	MS	ValueG
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	1	habi 1	0	51,7
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	2	habi 1	5	-0,1
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	3	habi 1	10	-0,1
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	4	habi 1	15	-0,1
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	5	habi 1	20	0
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	6	habi 1	25	0
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	- 7	habi 1	30	0,1
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	8	habi 1	35	0,1
2	4	3	05.06.01	10:04:24	9	habi 1	40	0,3

Other Functions

Syste	m Test					
Stimuli						
Π Ai	r [<u>L</u> ight		<u>E</u> -Stim	Current 0.2	mA
<u> </u>	ound	<u>I</u> ntensity	100 🚖	dB <u>F</u> re	equency 1000) 🔹 Hz
	oise	Intensity	100 🚖	dB		
Loudsp	eaker cal	ibration				
Max. I	Intensity 9	Sound 10kHz	110.0	dB	Calibration sou	n <u>d</u> 10kHz
Max. I	Intensity N	Voise	110.0	dB	Calibration	noise
		calibration	501			
	C 20 dE	8 0	30 dB	O 40 c	ß ⊙ 50	dB
ADC						
	ADC	ADC min	ADC max	Value	Time ADC=	0.0
Box 1	297	-597	1000	10.0	•	
Box 2	298	-598	1000	10.0	Ampl.=1	
Box 3	299	-599	1000	10.0		
Box 4	300	-596	1000	10.1	<u>R</u> eset	Graph
Versic		E300 000000 ME300 00000	7.70		a 00006050 uency 1211.931	l MHz
Time Co	ontrol					
Sampli	ng Interva	al SET = 2ms	ACT = 1.9	9970ms		
¥ (7 Hel				1:20
~ -	2000	<u> </u>				1.20

An integrated **function test** allows all components to be tested by the user in order to check whether the system is functioning properly.

A variety of **program parameters** allow the adjustment of the system to the specific hardware requirements.

In order to compensate any minor variations in loudspeaker frequency response a **correction function** can be activated that will be effective during the experiment.

For very small reactions the **signal amplification** can be increased in order to achieve higher amplitude resolution.

Partial list of users

- Abbott GmbH & Co. KG, Ludwigshafen, Germany
- Altana Pharma AG, Barsbüttel, Germany
- Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma GmbH & Co. KG, Biberach, Germany
- EGIS Pharmaceuticals Ltd., Budapest, Hungary
- Fraunhofer Institut für Toxikologie & Exp. Medizin, Hannover, Germany
- Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg, Erlangen, Germany
- Leibniz-Institut für Neurobiologie, Magdeburg, Germany
- Max-Planck-Institut für Experimentelle Medizin, Göttingen, Germany
- Max-Planck-Institut für Hirnforschung, Frankfurt, Germany
- Medizinische Hochschule Hannover MHH, Hannover, Germany
- Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany
- NeuroSearch A/S, Ballerup, Denmark
- NISAD Neurosc.Inst.Schizophrenia & Allied Disord., Darlinghurst Sydney, NSW, Australia
- Nofer Institute of Occupational Medicine, Lodz, Poland
- Organon Laboratories Ltd., Motherwell, Lanarkshire, Great Britain
- Orion Cooperation Orion Pharma, Turku, Finland
- Ctto-von-Guericke-Universität Magdeburg, Magdeburg, Germany
- Rheinische Friedrich-Wilhelms-Universität, Bonn, Germany
- Rijksuniversiteit Groningen, Groningen, The Netherlands
- Ruhr-Universität Bochum, Bochum, Germany
- Sanofi-Aventis Deutschland GmbH, Frankfurt am Main, Germany
- Suven Life Sciences Limited, Hyderabad, India
- Universität Bremen, Bremen, Germany
- University of Kuopio, Kuopio, Finland
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency EPA, Research Triangle Park, NC, USA

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Ordering Information

252000-BOX	Startle-Response-Housing For 1 animal for connecting of 1 cage (rat or mouse)
	Consisting of sound attenuating housing with built in ventilator, house light, window, stimulus base unit (for connecting loudspeaker (audio), air puff, light, etc.), and all connectors.
252000-C/01	Startle Control-Unit 1-Place For stimulus and data acquisition
	For connecting of 1 startle-response cage 252000-CAG-M or 252000-CAG-R, extendable. Complete and comprising (for connecting to PC): control-unit for stimulus and data acquisition for connecting audio generator and shocker for electrical stimulus, including special interface.
252000-C/02	Startle Control-Unit 2-Place For stimulus and data acquisition
	For connecting of up to 2 startle-response cages 252000-CAG-M or 252000-CAG-R, extendable. Complete and comprising (for connecting to PC): control-unit for stimulus and data acquisition for connecting audio generator and shocker for electrical stimulus, including special interface.
252000-C/03	Startle Control-Unit 3-Place For stimulus and data acquisition
	For connecting of up to 3 startle-response cages 252000-CAG-M or 252000-CAG-R, extendable. Complete and comprising (for connecting to PC): control-unit for stimulus and data acquisition for connecting audio generator and shocker for electrical stimulus, including special interface.
252000-C/04	Startle Control-Unit 4-Place For stimulus and data acquisition
	For connecting of up to 4 startle-response cages 252000-CAG-M or 252000-CAG-R, extendable. Complete and comprising (for connecting to PC): control-unit for stimulus and data acquisition for connecting audio generator and shocker for electrical stimulus, including special interface.
252000-C/05	Startle Control-Unit 5-Place For stimulus and data acquisition
	For connecting of up to 5 startle-response cages 252000-CAG-M or 252000-CAG-R, extendable. Complete and comprising (for connecting to PC): control-unit for stimulus and data acquisition for connecting audio generator and shocker for electrical stimulus, including special interface.
252000-C/06	Startle Control-Unit 6-Place For stimulus and data acquisition
	For connecting of up to 6 startle-response cages 252000-CAG-M or 252000-CAG-R, extendable. Complete and comprising (for connecting to PC): control-unit for stimulus and data acquisition for connecting audio generator and shocker for electrical stimulus, including special interface.
252000-C/08	Startle Control-Unit 8-Place For stimulus and data acquisition
	For connecting of up to 8 startle-response cages 252000-CAG-M or 252000-CAG-R, extendable. Complete and comprising (for connecting to PC): control-unit for stimulus and data acquisition for connecting audio generator and shocker for electrical stimulus, including special interface.

252000-C/10	Startle Control-Unit 10-Place
	For stimulus and data acquisition
	For connecting of up to 10 startle-response cages 252000-CAG-M or 252000-CAG-R,
	extendable. Complete and comprising (for connecting to PC): control-unit for stimulus and
	data acquisition for connecting audio generator and shocker for electrical stimulus,
	including special interface.
252000-C/12	Startle Control-Unit 12-Place
	For stimulus and data acquisition
	For connecting of up to 12 startle-response cages 252000-CAG-M or 252000-CAG-R,
	extendable. Complete and comprising (for connecting to PC): control-unit for stimulus and
	data acquisition for connecting audio generator and shocker for electrical stimulus,
	including special interface.
252000-C/16	Startle Control-Unit 16-Place
	For stimulus and data acquisition
	For connecting of up to 16 startle-response cages 252000-CAG-M or 252000-CAG-R,
	extendable. Complete and comprising (for connecting to PC): control-unit for stimulus and
	data acquisition for connecting audio generator and shocker for electrical stimulus,
252000-CAG-M	including special interface.
252000-CAG-IVI	Startle Reflex Cage Mouse, shockable For adaption to platform
	Made from acrylic, stainless steel and aluminium.
252000-CAG-R	Startle Reflex Cage Rat, shockable
	For adaption to platform
	Made from acrylic, stainless steel and aluminium.
252000-PF-M	Startle Reflex Platform for Mouse
	Complete with highly sensitive transducer
252000-PF-R	For registration of the response. Startle Reflex Platform for Rat
232000-PF-R	Complete with highly sensitive transducer
	For registration of the response.
252000-S	Software-Package Startle-Response for WINDOWS
	For up to 4 Startle-Response Boxes, extendable.
252000-S/E-04>08	Software-Package Startle-Response for WINDOWS
	Extension 4 to 8 Startle-Response Boxes, extendable.
252000-S/E-08>12	Software-Package Startle-Response for WINDOWS
	Extension 8 to 12 Startle-Response Boxes, extendable.
252000-ST/ANG	Audio / Noise Generator
050000 CT/AD	Required: 1 pc. per system.
252000-ST/AP	Air Puff (set).
050000 OT/L	Required: 1 set for each box.
252000-ST/LI	Stimulus-Lamp. Required: 1 lamp for each box.
252000-ST/LS	High-frequency Loudspeaker (pair)
202000-01/20	For audio stimulus
	Required: 1 pair for each box.
252000-ST/SHOCK	Shocker for electrical stimulus
232000-31/3000K	To be built into the control unit 252000-C. Standard output 0.1 3.1 mA, constant or
	pulsating, up to 4.5 mA on request.
	Required: 1 pc. for each box.



Service & Warranty

TSE Systems offers a Two (2) Years ALL-IN Premium Warranty with all new products, including:

- 24/7 technical hotline
- Remote maintenance and update function
- On-site visits upon necessity
- Free replacement parts during warranty

After the expiry of the warranty period, TSE Systems offers comprehensive extensions of the warranty or economical maintenance and repair contracts to ensure the continued smooth running of your instruments. Please contact us for further details.



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